## Higher Homework - The circle

1. a) This diagram shows a circle, centre $P$, with equation $x^{2}+y^{2}+6 x+4 y+8=0$
Find the equation of the tangent at the point $A(-1,-1)$ on the circle.
b) The tangent crosses the $y$-axis at $B$.

Find the equation of the circle with $A B$ as diameter.

2. For what range of values does the equation $x^{2}+y^{2}+4 k x-2 k y-k+4=0$ represent a circle.
3. Circle $P$ has equation $x^{2}+y^{2}-8 x-10 y+9=0$. Circle $Q$ has centre $(-2,-1)$ and radius $2 \sqrt{ } 2$.
a) (i) Show that the radius of the circle $P$ is $4 \sqrt{ } 2$.
(ii) Hence show that the circles $P$ and $Q$ touch.
b) Find the equation of the tangent to circle $Q$ at the point $(-4,1)$
4. The Line $y+2 x=k, k$ is greater than 0 , is a tangent to the circle $x^{2}+y^{2}-2 x-4=0$.
a) Find the value of $k$.
b) Deduce the coordinates of the point of contact.
5.a) A chord joins the points $A(1,0)$ and $B(5,4)$ on the circle as shown in the diagram. Show that the equation of the perpendicular bisector of chord $A B$ is $x+y=5$

b) The point $C$ is the centre of this circle. The tangent at the point $A$ on the circle has equation $x+3 y=1$ Find the equation of the radius $C A$.
c) (i) Determine the coordinates of the point $C$.
(ii) Find the equation of the circle.

6. Two congruent circles, with centres $A$ and $B$ touch at $P$.

Relative to suitable axes, their equations are

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x^{2}+y^{2}+6 x+4 y-12=0 \text { and } \\
& x^{2}+y^{2}-6 x-12 y+20=0
\end{aligned}
$$

a) Find the coordinates of $P$. 3
b) Find the length of $A B$.

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