Higher Homework - The circle

- 1. a) This diagram shows a circle, centre P, with equation $x^2 + y^2 + 6x + 4y + 8 = 0.$ Find the equation of the tangent at the point A(-1,-1) on the circle. 4
 - b) The tangent crosses the y-axis at B.

Find the equation of the circle with AB as diameter.



- 2. For what range of values does the equation $x^2 + y^2 + 4kx - 2ky - k + 4 = 0$ represent a circle. 5
- 3. Circle P has equation $x^2 + y^2 8x 10y + 9 = 0$. Circle Q has centre (-2,-1) and radius $2\sqrt{2}$.
 - a) (i) Show that the radius of the circle P is 4√2.
 (ii) Hence show that the circles P and Q touch.

b) Find the equation of the tangent to circle Q at the point (-4, 1) $_3$

- 4. The Line y + 2x = k, k is greater than 0, is a tangent to the circle x² + y² 2x 4 = 0.
 a) Find the value of k.
 - b) Deduce the coordinates of the point of contact. 2
- 5.a) A chord joins the points A(1,0) and B(5,4) on the circle as shown in the diagram. Show that the equation of the perpendicular bisector of chord AB is x + y = 5



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b) The point C is the centre of this circle. The tangent at the point A on the circle has equation x + 3y = 1Find the equation of the radius CA.

c) (i) Determine the coordinates of the point C. (ii) Find the equation of the circle. 4



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- 6. Two congruent circles, with centres A and B touch at P.
 - Relative to suitable axes, their equations are $x^{2} + y^{2} + 6x + 4y 12 = 0$ and

$$x^{2} + y^{2} + 6x + 4y - 12 = 0$$
 and $x^{2} + y^{2} - 6x - 12y + 20 = 0$.

- a) Find the coordinates of P. 3
- b) Find the length of AB. 1

